



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Material name LPS® Cold Galvanize
Recommended use A zinc rich industrial maintenance primer designed for rust and corrosion protection.
Version # 01
CAS # Mixture
Part Number 00516
Supplier Name MRO Chem Pty Ltd
Address Level 19, 644 Chapel Street,
South Yarra, Vic 3141, Australia.
Tel: +61 (3)9823 6273
Website: <http://www.mrochem.com.au>
In Case of Emergency (Australia) +61 (4)3448 1129 (US) +1 703-527-3887
Manufacturer
Company name LPS Laboratories, a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
Address 4647 Hugh Howell Rd., Tucker, GA 30084 (U.S.A.)
Website <http://www.lpslabs.com>
E-mail sds@lpslabs.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification F+;R12, Carc. Cat. 1;R45, T;, Xn;R20/21, Xi;R36/38, R67, N;R50/53
Risk phrase(s) R45 May cause cancer.
R12 Extremely flammable.
R20/21 Also harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R22 Also harmful if swallowed.
R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.
R67 Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Safety phrase(s) S1/2 Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.
S3 Keep in a cool place.
S7/9 Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.
S13 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S20 When using do not eat or drink.
S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray.
S24 Avoid contact with skin.
S25 Avoid contact with eyes.
S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
S53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/ Safety data sheets.
S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS #	Percent
Metallic Zinc	7440-66-6	30 - 60
Acetone	67-64-1	10 - < 30
Petroleum Gases, Liquefied, Sweetened	68476-86-8	10 - < 30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	< 10
2-ethylhexanoic acid	149-57-5	< 10
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 10
Hydrosulfurized Heavy Petroleum Naptha	64742-82-1	< 10
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	96-29-7	< 10
Mineral Spirits Regular Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3	< 10

Components	CAS #	Percent
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Heavy	64742-48-9	< 10
Propylene Carbonate	108-32-7	< 10
Propylene Oxide	75-56-9	< 10
Toluene	108-88-3	< 10
Xylene	1330-20-7	< 10
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	< 10
Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	< 10
Zirconium Acetate	5153-24-2	< 10
Other components below reportable levels		10 - < 30

Composition comments The full text for all R- and H-phrases is displayed in section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	If gas/fume/vapor/dust/mist from the material is inhaled, remove the affected person immediately to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Eye contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
General advice	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
Notes to physician	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed. Keep victim under observation.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	Powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Unusual fire & explosion hazards	Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.
Specific hazards	By heating and fire, harmful vapors/gases may be formed. In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. Contents under pressure. Container may explode in heat of fire.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
Specific methods	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
HAZCHEM code	None

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 500 meters (1/3 mile). ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists.
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Environmental precautions	Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets. Do not contaminate water.
Containment procedures	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Collect spillage. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.
Methods for cleaning up	Ventilate the contaminated area. Extinguish all flames in the vicinity. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Should not be released into the environment. The product is immiscible with water and will sediment in water systems. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. May be ignited by open flame. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.
Storage	Contents under pressure. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Store locked up. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Keep at temperature not exceeding 49°C. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep out of the reach of children. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
2-ethylhexanoic acid (CAS 149-57-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Hydrosulfurized Heavy Petroleum Naptha (CAS 64742-82-1)	TWA	100 ppm	
Mineral Spirits Regular Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
Propylene Oxide (CAS 75-56-9)	TWA	2 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
Zinc Oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate (CAS 22464-99-9)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
	STEL	10 mg/m3	
Zirconium Acetate (CAS 5153-24-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	

Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment)

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	123 mg/m3	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	25 ppm	
		2375 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	1000 ppm	
		1185 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	543 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
Hydrosulferized Heavy Petroleum Naptha (CAS 64742-82-1)	TWA	434 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Hydrosulferized Heavy Petroleum Naptha (CAS 64742-82-1)	TWA	790 mg/m3	
Mineral Spirits Regular Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	790 mg/m3	
Propylene Oxide (CAS 75-56-9)	TWA	48 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	574 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	191 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
		50 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	TWA	350 mg/m3	
		80 ppm	
Zinc Oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
		5 mg/m3	Fume.
Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate (CAS 22464-99-9)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inspirable dust.
		10 mg/m3	
Zirconium 2-ethylhexanoate (CAS 22464-99-9)	STEL	5 mg/m3	
		5 mg/m3	
Zirconium Acetate (CAS 5153-24-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
		10 mg/m3	
Zirconium Acetate (CAS 5153-24-2)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

Recommended monitoring procedures**Additional exposure data** Not available.**Engineering measures to reduce exposure** Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.**Personal protective equipment****Respiratory protection** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.**Hand protection** Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.**Eye protection** Do not get in eyes. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye wash fountain is recommended.

Skin and body protection	Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with the skin. Chemical resistant gloves. Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
General	Use personal protective equipment as required.
Environmental exposure controls	Contain spills and prevent releases and observe national regulations on emissions. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.
Hygiene measures	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not get in eyes. Do not get this material on clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Liquid.
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Light grey. Opaque.
Odor	Aromatic. Hydrocarbon-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Vapor pressure	> 1 kPa @ 25°C
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water
Specific gravity	1.764 @ 25°C
Flash point	< 77.00 °F (< 25.00 °C)
Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume	9.5 %
Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume	1.8 %
VOC	0.76 MIR per U.S. State and Federal Aerosol Coating Regulations
Viscosity	3000 - 4500 cSt
Percent volatile	25.7 %
Other data	
Density	14.71 g/cm ³
Heat of combustion	> 30 kJ/g

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability	Risk of ignition.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with water liberates flammable gas.
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Irritating and/or toxic fumes and gases may be emitted upon the products decomposition.
Hazardous polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin.
Routes of exposure	Inhalation. Ingestion. Skin contact. Eye contact.
Toxicological information	Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.
Chronic toxicity	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Subchronic toxicity	None known.
Sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Hydrosulfurized Heavy Petroleum Naptha (CAS 64742-82-1)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Mineral Spirits Regular Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Propylene Oxide (CAS 75-56-9)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Mutagenicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Reproductivity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Epidemiology	No epidemiological data is available for this product.
Local effects	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. Irritating to eyes and skin.
Symptoms and target organs	Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Narcosis. Coughing. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice. Proteinuria. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Irritant effects. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
Further information	Symptoms may be delayed.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Mobility	The product is immiscible with water and will sediment in water systems.
Bioaccumulation	

Bioaccumulative potential

Octanol/water partition coefficient log Kow

2-ethylhexanoic acid	2.64
Acetone	-0.24
Ethylbenzene	3.15
Hydrosulfurized Heavy Petroleum Naptha	3.16 - 7.15
Mineral Spirits Regular Stoddard Solvent	3.16 - 7.15
Propylene Carbonate	-0.41
Propylene Oxide	0.03
Toluene	2.73
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Environmental effects	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aquatic toxicity	Very toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal instructions	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Must be incinerated in a suitable incineration plant holding a permit delivered by the competent authorities. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. After recovery of solvent dispose of residue as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. When your own wastewater treatment plant is not available, collect entire waste and then charge to a licensed industrial waste management professional with manifests for industrial waste.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard class	2.1
Marine pollutant	Yes
Labels required	2.1
Packaging exceptions	306

IATA

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Hazard class	2.1
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions	DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.
Labels required	2.1
Packaging exceptions	306

Packaging non-bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None
IMDG	
UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, MARINE POLLUTANT
Hazard class	2.1
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions	DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.
Labels required	2.1
Packaging exceptions	306

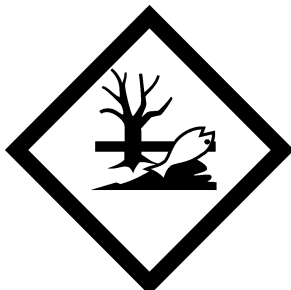
ADG



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



HAZCHEM code	None
General	DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulations This Material Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with the Australia National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets (NOHSC: 2011.)

Australia HVIC: Listed substance

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	Listed.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
Metallic Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)	Listed.
Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)	Listed.
Propylene Oxide (CAS 75-56-9)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.
Zinc Oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	Listed.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 4: Use/Concentration (%)/Exceptions

Metallic Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)	for human internal use Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.
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Zinc Oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

for human internal use Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 5: Use/Concentration/Exceptions

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Exception was applied to data.

Hydrosulferized Heavy Petroleum Naptha (CAS 64742-82-1)

Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.

Mineral Spirits Regular Stoddard Solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 6: Use/Concentration/Exceptions

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Exception may apply, see the regulation for relevance.

Australia Medicines & Poisons Schedule 7: Use/Concentration/Exceptions

Propylene Oxide (CAS 75-56-9)

applies to all preparations in any concentration

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

Bibliography

ACGIH
EPA: ACQUIRE database
NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base
US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents
Korea. Accidental Release Prevention Substances (Presidential Decree of Toxic Chemical Control Law, Executive Order No. 19203)
Korea. Dangerous Substances Threshold Quantity (Presidential Decree of Dangerous Substances Safety Management Act No. 18406, Schedule 1)
Korea. Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacturing (Presidential Decree on the Industrial Safety and Health Act (No. 13053), Article 29)
Korea. Harmful Substances Requiring Permission for Manufacture or Use (Presidential Decree on the Industrial Safety and Health Act (No. 13053), Article 30)
Korea. Non-Toxic Chemicals List (National Institute of Environment Research (NIER) Public Notice No. 1997-10, as amended)
Korea. Observational Chemicals (Ministerial Decree of TCCL Article 6)
Korea. OELs. Regulation for Permitted Concentration of Hazardous Substances (Ministry of Labor (MOL) Public Notice No. 1986-45, as amended)
Korea. Prohibited Chemical Substances (TCCL Article 11)
Korea. Regulated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) (MOE Notice No. 2001-36, March 8, 2001, as amended)
Korea. Restricted Chemical Substances (TCCL Article 11)
Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL), Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)
Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL), pre-1997 List
Korea. Toxic Chemicals (TCCL Article 10)
Korea. Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) Chemicals (TCCL Article 14)
Taiwan. Dangerous Materials (Rules on Hazard Communication of Dangerous Materials and Toxic Materials)
Taiwan. Industrial Precursor Chemicals (Categories and Regulations Governing Inspection and Declaration of Industrial Precursor Chemicals, MOEA Decree No. 87, as amended)
Taiwan. OELs. (Standards on Workplace Atmosphere of Dangerous and Hazardous Materials)
Taiwan. Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS) (List of Toxic Chemical Substances announced by the Environmental Protection Administration)
Taiwan. Toxic Materials (Rules on Hazard Communication of Dangerous Materials and Toxic Materials)
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices
GOST 30333-2007 - Chemical production safety passport. General requirements
JIS Z 7250: 2010 Safety data sheet for chemical products-Content and order of sections
JIS Z 7251: 2010 Labeling of chemicals based on GHS

Disclaimer

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with the Safety Data Sheet for Chemical Products (JIS Z 7250:2010). Additional information is given in the Material Safety Data Sheet. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Issue date

03-07-2013

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s):

Product and Company Identification: Product Uses
Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients
Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties
Transport Information: Product Shipping Name/Packing Group
Regulatory Information: United States
HazReg Data: International Inventories
GHS: Classification